Hacettepe University



Synbiotic Ice Cream Production with Probiotic and Prebiotic

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ABSTRACT

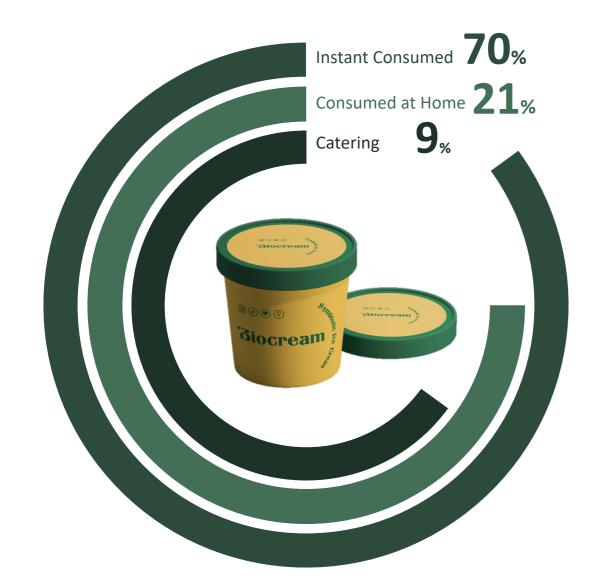
Along with the increasing pace of life, the benefits that consumers want to get from the foods they consume are also increasing. In this direction, the importance of functional foods comes to the fore day by day. This increasing need has caused the functional food deficiency on the shelves to be noticed. It is known that R&D studies have gained importance as a result of the market search for this field in the FMCG (Fast-Moving Consumer Goods) sector, which is growing rapidly throughout the world and in our country. The changes in dietary habits brought about by the Covid-19 pandemic have also contributed to the orientation towards functional foods. In this study, it was aimed to produce synbiotic ice cream with improved functional properties by adding prebiotics and probiotics. In the production of ice cream, Lactobacillus rhamnosus GG strain was used as a probiotic and inulin was used as a prebiotic. In the study, 3 groups of ice creams (control, containing Lactobacillus rhamnosus GG strain and containing both Lactobacillus rhamnosus GG strain and inulin) were produced and the microorganism growth, chemical properties (pH, brix, overrun) and sensory properties were analyzed. As a result of the study, it has been proven that the sensory and rheological properties of ice cream are improved with prebiotic inulin, and additionally, it supports the development of probiotic microorganisms in ice cream production. An ice cream product containing a higher number of probiotic microorganisms was obtained with the sample of ice cream containing prebiotics and probiotics together. In future studies, it was aimed to produce synbiotic ice cream by improving the physical and sensory properties of ice cream with Antifreeze proteins (AFP) and High Intensity Ultrasound Technology (HUI).



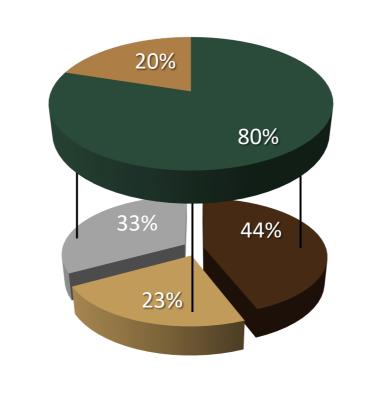
Keywords: Functional Food; Synbiotic Ice Cream; *Lactobacillus rhamnosus GG*; Probiotic; Prebiotic.

INTRODUCTION

Ice cream, which is a dairy product that everyone loves, is suitable for consumption in all seasons as well as being seasonal. Vitamins and minerals in its content increase its importance in terms of nutrition. When the functional food groups consumed are examined, milk and dairy products are at the top in this field. Because of the high nutritional value among these products and being one of the dairy products whose composition can be easily changed, ice cream is a product suitable for production with functional properties. Researches to improve the functional properties of ice cream are mostly on enrichment of ice cream with probiotics and prebiotics. When functional foods are mentioned, probiotic, prebiotic or synbiotic products that contain both come to mind. It is possible to make various improvements on ice cream by using different ingredients.



80% of total consumption 6-30 age group

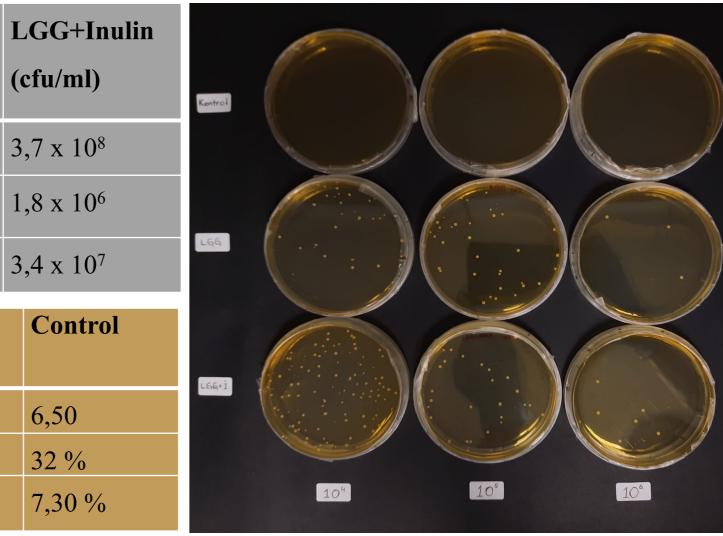


RESULTS

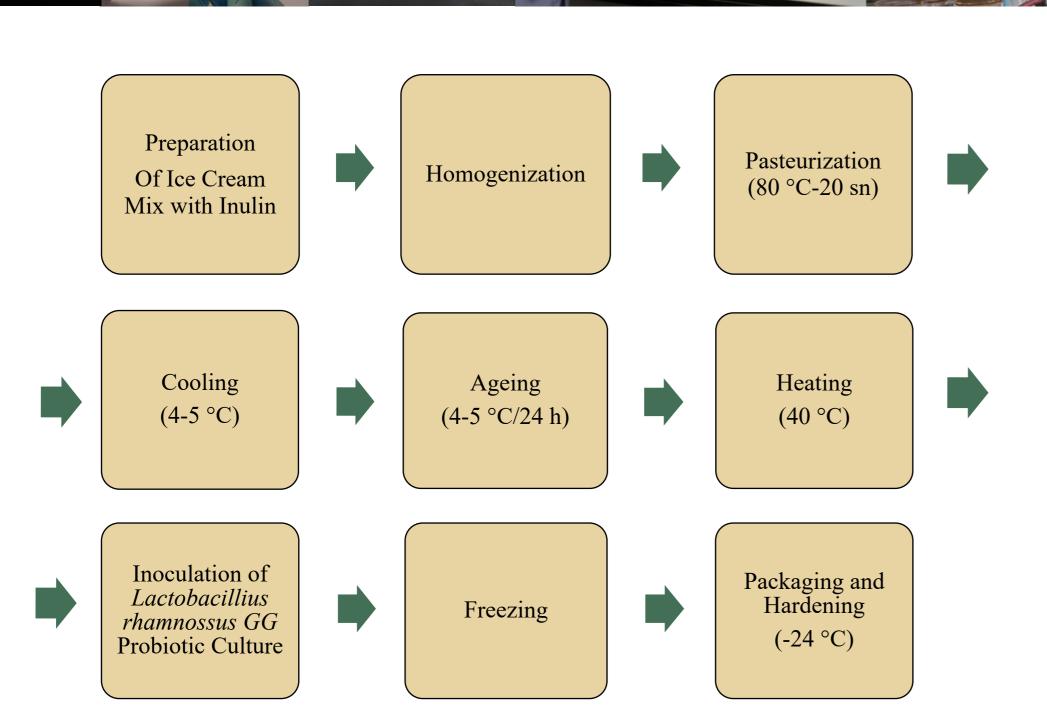
The average of	f the scores given by the participants.				
	Color and Visual	Structure and Consistency	Taste and Smell	Total	
	(Out of 5 Points)	(Out of 5 Points)	(Out of 10 Points)	(20 Points)	
Control	4,2	1,2	4,8	10,2	
LGG	4,1	1,4	6,4	11,9	
LGG+Inulin	4,4	2,1	8,6	15,1	

	(cfu/ml)	(cfu/ml)	(cfu/ml)
1st Count	0	3,7 x 10 ⁸	$3,7 \times 10^8$
2nd Count	0	2,7 x 10 ⁶	1,8 x 10 ⁶
3rd Count	0	3.9×10^7	$3,4 \times 10^7$
	LGG	LGG	Control
	LGG	LGG +Inulin	Control
pН	LGG 6,40		Control 6,50
pH Brix		+Inulin	

LGG



MATERIAL & METHOD



DISCUSSION

Control

The first of the success criteria aimed in the synbiotic ice cream, where we made preliminary prototype studies; It is the awareness of the number of live probiotic microorganisms added in cfu/ml. The second is the preservation of the viability of a certain number of probiotic microorganisms inoculated into the ice cream mixture during production. After the product is produced, the number of microorganisms contained in the process from storage to the customer should be more than 10⁶ cfu/ml according to the Turkish food codex.

In the product, the unique taste and odor characteristics of the Lactobacillus rhamnosus GG strain did not have a negative effect on consumption, and no negative feedback was received as a result of the panels made. It is necessary to prevent taste changes that may result from pH changes and to achieve the same taste (stable pH) in every batch produced.

As a result of the analysis of the prototype that was worked on, it was confirmed that the above-mentioned success criteria (>106 cfu/ml live microorganism in the final product) were met. R&D studies on the product and the use of more advanced technologies and the development of the sensory properties of the product will be the subject of further studies. It is aimed to produce advanced synbiotic ice cream with AF proteins and high-intensity ultrasound technology.

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